

1793. Abolition of slavery in Upper Canada.
1796. The seat of Government of Upper Canada removed from Niagara to York (Toronto).
1798. The name of St. John's Island changed to that of Prince Edward Island, in honour of the Duke of Kent, the change to take effect in 1800. Population, 4,500.
1806. November. Issue of *Le Canadien*, the first newspaper printed entirely in French.
Population of Upper Canada, 70,718, and of Lower Canada, 250,000.
1812. War declared between Great Britain and the United States.
August 11. Surrender of Detroit by the Americans under General Hull to General Brock.
October 13. Battle of Queenston Heights, and defeat of the Americans. Death of General Brock.
1812. November. Defeat of General Dearborn by Col. de Salaberry at Lacollé River.
1813. April 25. Capture of York by the Americans.
June 5. Battle of Stoncy Creek and defeat of the Americans.
September. Battle of Moraviantown. Retreat of the British, and death of the Indian chief Tecumseth.
Battle of Chateauguay—Defeat of three thousand Americans under General Hampton, by Colonel de Salaberry and four hundred French Canadian militia.
September 25. Battle of Chrysler's Farm—Defeat and rout of General Wilkinson and the Americans by the Canadian militia under Col. Morrison.
1814. Battle of Lundy's Lane, and defeat of the Americans.
December 24. War terminated by the Treaty of Ghent.
Population of Upper Canada, 95,000, and Lower Canada, 335,000.
1818. October 20. Convention signed at London regulating the rights of Americans in the British North American fisheries.
1821. Commencement of the Lachine Canal.
1831. Population—Upper Canada, 236,702; Lower Canada, 553,134.
1836. July 21. Opening of the railroad from Laprairie to St. John's—the first railroad in Canada.
- 1837-38. Outbreak of rebellion in both Provinces. It was suppressed in Upper Canada by the Militia, and in Lower Canada by British troops.
1840. Death of Lord Durham, to whose exertions the subsequent Union of the Provinces was mainly due.
1841. February 10. Union of the two Provinces under the name of the Province of Canada, and establishment of Responsible Government. The Legislature was to consist of a Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly, each Province to be represented by 62 members, 42 elected by the people, and 20 appointed by the Crown.
Population of Upper Canada, 455,688.
June 13. Opening of the first united Parliament at Kingston, by Lord Sydenham.